# LCC/SRBC3

# Appendix 5

Minutes 21/07/21



## **Minutes**

# The Lanes, Penwortham with Lancashire County Council

Location:MS TeamsDate: $21^{st}$  July 2021Time:1100hrsDate of next meeting:TBC

### Attendees:

First	Last	Initials	Company	Position
Neil	Stevens	NS	LCC	
David	Watson	DW	LCC	
Nicola	Elsworth	NE	Homes England	
Mark	Phillips	MP	Homes England	
Mike	Axon	MA	Vectos	
Paul	Whitaker	PW	Vectos	

Apologies: N/A

Distribution: NS, DW, NE, MP, MA

Reference	Description		Action Required	
		Initials	Date	
1.0	Introduction			
1.1	PW introduced the meeting which builds upon the first Vectos meeting w/ LCC on the 12 <sup>th</sup> July. Following the first meeting, NS had been speaking with NE regarding progress on the masterplan and new applications, which resulted in the scheduling of todays meeting.			
1.2	NS trying to work with applicants to get a development and masterplan that works for all. NS very much of the opinion that there are options available to allow development to come forward on a sustainable site, but a clear masterplant is required which delivers necessary infrastructure.	,		
1.3	MA noted that mutual agreement is in the best interests of all parties and welcomed the opportunity to discuss further with LCC.			
2.0	Vision and Validate			



MA sought to establish whether LCC were aligned with a Vision and Validate approach which is policy compliant and is reinforced by recent publications from the CIHT, TfN, DfT and RTPI.  IS noted that he is aware of Vision and Validate approach, but NS has serious concerns with the approach. Concerns largely relate to what happens if the rision isn't validated resulting in operational issues on the local highway network. Networks need to be convenient, reliable and safe for all.  MA referenced the reduced importance of peak hour demand in policy terms, and highlighted how the 'what if' scenario can be dealt with identifying numerous research articles in which people will always seek to minimise cost and maximise convenience. MA also noted that it is climate, health and the economy that drive the need for new infrastructure, not peak hour demand. MA stated that 'no		Date
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ridlock on a regular basis in the north west. NS disagreed with the statement		
and gave an example on a journey to Manchester by car		
IS and MA believed that there were significant differences between both parties		
but both agreed that this should not prevent a common ground from being		
established.		
<i>N</i> asterplan		
IS would like to be convinced regarding the proposed masternlan for the site		
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W shared an indicative draft layout of the masterplan for discussion. The key		
eatures being a main vehicular site access on Penworthwam Way, a mix of		
acilities within the site, and a separate active travel network using existing lanes		
providing links within and around the site, which can be considered the primary		
novement network. Options are available to integrate with plans for the		
proposed dualling of Penwortham Way, but the development is not reliant on the		
lualling infrastructure.		
IS noted that a single point of access for any new public transport services		
ccessing the site is not in line with best practice and would not be acceptable.		
DW requested clarity regarding the proposed site access which PW confirmed		
would be sufficient for the development demands. MA stated that the site does		
ot require the dualling of the A582, but would not oppose it.		
MA noted that accessibility to facilities is the first and core principle of the		
nasterplan. It was explained that this included access to facilities within the site,		
out also those within adjacent local communities where active travel would be		
ey as part of promoting local living. Shared travel is then considered, of which		
one type is the bus. Finally, travel by car is not necessarily a bad thing, but it		
houldn't be the first thought when considered in the context of local living.		
IS understood the approach , but didn't support the masterplan.		
in in the property of the prop	Indigave an example on a journey to Manchester by car and MA believed that there were significant differences between both parties but both agreed that this should not prevent a common ground from being stablished.  asterplan  So would like to be convinced regarding the proposed masterplan for the site, iven the proposed submission timescales at the beginning of August, NS useried how well developed or fixed the masterplan was in order to ascertain bow best to provide input. MA noted that a lot of work had been done, building bon previous consultations and comments, NS indicated that it appears that ost matters are fixed and that we are tinkering around the edges. MA noted the point highlighted.  Wo shared an indicative draft layout of the masterplan for discussion. The key atures being a main vehicular site access on Penworthwam Way, a mix of cilities within the site, and a separate active travel network using existing lanes roviding links within and around the site, which can be considered the primary ovement network. Options are available to integrate with plans for the roposed dualling of Penwortham Way, but the development is not reliant on the usualling infrastructure.  So noted that a single point of access for any new public transport services accessing the site is not in line with best practice and would not be acceptable. We requested clarity regarding the proposed site access which PW confirmed bould be sufficient for the development demands. MA stated that the site does not require the dualling of the A582, but would not oppose it.  A noted that accessibility to facilities is the first and core principle of the asterplan. It was explained that this included access to facilities within the site, at also those within adjacent local communities where active travel would be the type is the bus. Finally, travel by car is not necessarily a bad thing, but it houldn't be the first thought when considered in the context of local living.	Indigave an example on a journey to Manchester by car  S and MA believed that there were significant differences between both parties but both agreed that this should not prevent a common ground from being stablished.  S would like to be convinced regarding the proposed masterplan for the site, iven the proposed submission timescales at the beginning of August, NS paried how well developed or fixed the masterplan was in order to ascertain bow best to provide input. MA noted that a lot of work had been done, building one previous consultations and comments, NS indicated that it appears that the stream of the point highlighted.  W shared an indicative draft layout of the masterplan for discussion. The key atures being a main vehicular site access on Penworthwam Way, a mix of cilities within the site, and a separate active travel network using existing lanes roviding links within and around the site, which can be considered the primary overment network. Options are available to integrate with plans for the roposed dualling of Penwortham Way, but the development is not reliant on the building infrastructure.  S noted that a single point of access for any new public transport services accessing the site is not in line with best practice and would not be acceptable. W requested clarity regarding the proposed site access which PW confirmed bould be sufficient for the development demands. MA stated that the site does not require the dualling of the A582, but would not oppose it.  A noted that accessibility to facilities is the first and core principle of the asterplan. It was explained that this included access to facilities within the site, at also those within adjacent local communities where active travel would be say as part of promoting local living. Shared travel is then considered, of which ne type is the bus. Finally, travel by car is not necessarily a bad thing, but it houldn't be the first thought when considered in the context of local living.



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3.6	NS referenced a number of options that LCC have considered in relation to an overall masterplan for the site. The first is a traditional and typical approach with a new bridge over the railway, high capacity improvements to the network and the CBLR delivered. The second is a foot/cycle bridge only over the railway with the existing Bee Lane bridge accommodating vehicle movements as part of a			
	tortuous route to limit through movement along the CBLR. The LCC options compared to the VECTOS are at either end of a scale.			
3.7	NS noted a third way which would be a hybrid, considering sustainability, build out, acessneeds and SR policy. Satellites of development could be promoted with suitable all mode connectivity to the wider built environment:  1. Main access at Penwortham Way linking to Kingsfold Drive to the north for all modes. This would then serve a significant development satellite in the northwest quadrant of the site supporting PT routeing and local need 2way by all modes.  2. A second development satellite could be provided to the northeast of the site promoting the use of the existing Bee Lane bridge for all modes, but with development scale limited accordingly linking through to Flag lane, with clear links to provision at TardyGate.  3. A third satellite could consist of the safeguarded land to the south with access provided via Chainhouse Lane/Coote Lane.  4. Initially there would be no vehicular links between the development satellites internally. Accessibility and connectivity to the wider network would exist by each road network.  5. The approach would still allow the CBLR to be delivered at some point in the future through the provision of a centrally located internal link as part of the Bee Lane and Penwortham Way satellite, but the roads would not link until a new bridge was provided  6. Maintain the use of existing lanes for active travel modes.  7. Improvements would be required at the Leyland Road/Bee Lane roundabout to include traffic signal control and improved crossing facilities.  The LCC suggested approach would not require the satellite development to			
3.8	deliver a bridge but does not prevent one being delivered in the future with CBLR.  MA thanked NS for giving so much thought to a potential masterplan solution.  MA believed that the vision described by NS meant that we were not actually that far apart, with the main difference being the proposed all vehicle link to Kingsfold Drive to the north.			
3.9	NE and MP highlighted that there had been many previous discussions regarding the need for and ability to deliver an all vehicle link to Kingsfold Drive. Land is not adopted, and is outside of the applicant's control, thereby resulting in the development being undeliverable if a Kingsfold link is required. NS suggested that the site forms part of South Ribble local plan and should offer support to this infrastructure (land) to enable the local plan to be delivered			
3.10	MA highlighted the numerous active travel connections that would be available along the northern boundary of the site, providing accessibility to the Kingsfold community to the north. NS noted that accessibility should include all modes.			



Reference	Description	Action Required	
		Initials	Date
3.11	Meeting came to a close on the understanding that the applicants would consider		
	the vision presented by NS with a further meeting date to be coordinated in the		
	coming weeks.		